

## PROTEO Quickstart manual.

Hi, thank you for purchasing PROTEO.

This sheet is intended to be a quick view of the module. For a more detailed guide please refer to the online manual over the dedicated page at clank.eu

[1] Freeze gate ins. When a gate is sent to these inputs, the acquisition process of each channel is momentarily frozen and the wavetable is locked.

The two trigger inputs are normalized from left to right. Inserting a cable in the right channel trigger input will break the normalization.

[2] Time CV in (0-8V). Acquisition time can be controlled from outside with this input.

[3] Preamp inputs (0-8v). To start feeding signals into Proteo's acquisition engine patch any kind of source here.

The two inputs are normalized from left to right. Beside being tought for unipolar CVs, inserting bipolar signals here is still possible without damaging the acquiring path.

[4] Speed CV (0-8V). If a patch cable is inserted here, the playback speed can be altered from outside.

[5] Time CV attenuverter. This dial works in direct connection with the *Time* knob [6] and permits to attenuate or invert the CV coming from *Time CV in* [2].

[6] Time. This control changes the acquisition speed. Thinking at it as a virtual tape loop, you can take a bigger "window" by recording longer fragments at slower speeds (turning CW) or maybe just capture a small detail by recording it at faster speeds (CCW).

[7] 2ch. Oscilloscope. This two section display shows exactly what's the waveform coming out from each oscillator output. [8] Outputs. Being a stereo oscillator, Proteo has two separate outputs. The right oscillator, by default, is tuned 1 octave below the left one.

[9] V/oct input (0-7V). Both oscillators are tied togheter by the same pitch and volt/ octave control. The right one ranges from C1 to C8 and can be considered as the "master" oscillator.

[10] Span CV in (0-8V). Use this CV to alter the detuing of the right oscillator.

[11] Morph CV in (0-8V). Use this CV to change the *Morph* [15] perchentage from outside.

[12] Span. The right oscillator by default (with this dial at 12 o'clock) is tuned 1 octave below the left one. When turned full CCW it can go down to -4 octaves while, when turned fully CW it can go 1 octave above the left one. Making 5 octaves in total of span.

When a cable is patched into the Span CV in [10] this control become an attenuverter of incoming CV.

**[13] Freq.** Use this two controls to adjust the whole intonation.

[14] Morph. Having a continously evolving waveform with a lot of harmonics can make hard to understand wich note is coming out from Proteo outputs. That's why both channels can be blended with a sinewave (faders at zero).

**[15] Freeze buttons.** Each channel can be frozen manually by pressing these buttons. In this case they work in latching mode.

